

CSE 312 Midterm II (Exam in Class)

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I. ALGORITHM COMPLEXITY (20 POINTS)

The sum of the harmonic series $1, 1/2, 1/3, 1/4, \dots$, diverges; that is

$$\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{i} = \infty \quad (1)$$

Show that $\log n$ is both an upper and lower bound for the sum

$$\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{i} \quad (2)$$

(Hint: To show an upper bound, decrease each denominator to the next power of two. For a lower bound, increase each denominator to the next power of 2.)

II. DIVIDE AND CONQUER (20 POINTS)

Suppose you are choosing between the following three algorithms:

- Algorithm A solves problems by dividing them into five subproblems of half the size, recursively solving each subproblem, and then combining the solutions in linear time.
- Algorithm B solves problems of size n by recursively solving two subproblems of size $n - 1$ and then combining the solutions in constant time.
- Algorithm C solves problems of size n by dividing them into nine subproblems of size $n/3$, recursively solving each subproblem, and then combining the solutions in $O(n^2)$ time.

What are the running times of each of these algorithms (in big-O notation), and which would you choose?

III. DECOMPOSITION OF GRAPHS (20 POINTS)

In an undirected graph, the degree $d(u)$ of a vertex u is the number of neighbors u has, or equivalently, the number of edges incident upon it.

- Show that in an undirected graph, $\sum_{u \in V} d(u) = 2|E|$.
- Use part (a) to show that in an undirected graph, there must be an even number of vertices whose degree is odd.